claiming them from their errors, and causing them, in conjunction with the Indians still to render us good service.

Believe me, Yours truly,

RT. McDouall, Lt. Col. Comg.

Captain Bulger.

TO CAPT. JACQUES PORLIER.

GREEN BAY 20th March: 1815.

SIR,—In answer to your communication of yesterday I have only to say that as Captain of Militia, you will have to attend to no orders but such as you may receive from Lieut-Colonel McDouall and me. I have requested him to furnish you with instructions for your guidance, also arms, accoutrements, and ammunition for your men. When you receive them it would be well to have an assembly of Militia every Sunday. One good effect which it would have, would be to show the Indians that you were all united, which in all probability might deter them from further depredations. Upon an order being received from Lieut-Colonel McDouall, or me, the Militia or a portion thereof will of course repair without loss of time to whatsoever place their service may be required. In the meantime, I wish you to select about Thirty of the young men, (such as can be best spared from home) and hold them in constant readiness to march to Fort McKay upon an order from me to that effect. And I wish them to be placed under the command of Lieutenant Jacob.1

Upon the subject of acting against the Indians mentioned in your letter, I forbid anything of that kind being resorted to without orders from Colonel McDouall. I have written to him on the subject and hope that he will take some steps to preserve the inhabitants and the remnant of their prop-

^{&#}x27;Augustin Grignon (Wis. Hist. Colls., iii., p. 242) mentions John Jacobs as a Green Bay householder in 1812. This is probably the person referred to by Bulger.—Ed.